

El Camino Real Housing Authority

Securing Affordable Housing & a Brighter Future for All

Landlord Checklist

If you are a new landlord with the El Camino Real Housing Authority, the following information must be submitted in order for us to process the Request for Tenancy Approval in a timely manner.

Main Office P.O. Box 00 301 Otero A

Please forward the information to the attention of Geraldine Maldonado geraldine@socorrohousing.org or Annabelle Torres tcmhase@msn.com

Don't forget to include the following:

- Landlord Application; completed, signed and dated, by the owner(s)
- Proof of Ownership i.e. Warranty Deed
- A copy of the Management Agreement, IF the property is being managed by someone other than the owner.
- A copy of your Social Security Card or Verification of your Federal Tax ID number
- W-9 completed, signed, and dated. (Information needs to be for the person we will be sending the payments to)
- Direct Deposit Authorization for ALONG with a Voided Check.
- Photo ID of the owner and Agent (i.e. Driver's License, passport, etc.)
- Owner's Obligation form; signed and dated by the owner and agent
- Attended the Mandatory Landlord Workshop and reviewed the landlord Guide (Visit our website at www.elcaminohousing.com for Guide and to register for the FREE workshop)

Main Office P.O. Box 00 301 Otero Avenue Socorro, N.M. 87801 Tele: (575) 835-0196 Fax: (575) 835-3461

Valencia Office 751 Juan Perea Road Los Lunas, NM 87031 Tele: (575) 839-3854

Torrance Office P.O. Box 272 111 Roosevelt Mountainair, NM 87732 Tele: (505) 847-2416 Fax: (505) 847-9416

Mary Ann Chavez-Lopez
Executive Director
maryann@socorrohousing.org

NO PAYMENTS WILL BE MADE UNLESS ALL OF THIS INFORMATION IS PROVIDED

LANDLORD CODE OF CONDUCT

Landlord participating in the Rental Assistance Program MUST:

- Comply with Fair Housing requirements
- Maintain the contract unit and premises in accordance with the Housing Quality Standards.
- Provide all utilities as assigned to the landlord in the HAP Contract and lease agreement.
- Provide a comprehensive lease and enforce it.
- Notify the Housing Authority of the sale or release of the property.
- Lease the entire unit. Landlords cannot live on the premises or store personal belonging on the premises.
- Make repairs as needed
- Report any criminal activity to the police and the Housing Authority.
- Return any payments the Housing Authority deems as an overpayment.
- Initiate the eviction proceedings to legally evict.
- Notify the housing authority when a client vacates the lease premises.
- Provide the housing authority with a copy of all correspondence sent to the tenant.
- Notify the Housing Authority of all pending foreclosures.

Landlords participating in the Housing Choice Voucher Program **MUST NOT:**

- Make any side agreements for RENT or Utilities.
- Rent to a Section 8 Participant if the unit is in foreclosure.

Failure to comply with the above requirements may results in termination of the HAP contract and debarment from future participation in the program

El Camino Real Housing Authority Landlord Application Housing Choice Voucher Program

A. OWNER INFORMATI	
Date of Application:	
Are you the "Sole" owner to	the Property?
o Yes	
o No	
Legal name of (all) owner(s) n	nust match name on
Recorded deed:	
Owner(s) Social Security Num	nber or Federal Tax ID
Number:	
Payment information will be reported	to the IRS under the number listed above
Owners' Physical address (PO Street:	
City/ State:	Zip:
Owners' Mailing Address (PO Street:	
	Zip:
orty, state.	
Please indicate mailing Prefere	ence for All
Correspondence:	
o PHYSICAL ADDR	ESS
o MAILING ADDRE	
Owner(s) s' Phone Information	
	Work:
	Other:
	(es):
owner(b) b L wan radress (
Have you been involved in an	y violent or drug related
Criminal activity within the la	ast five (5) Years (Please Check One)
o No	
If you answered YES, please Involvement:	•
Are you subject to Registration And/or Sexual Predator? • Yes • No	on as a Sexual Offender

Have you ever defaulted on a HUD subsiderable of Yes	lized Loan?
o No	
Have you ever been accused of committing	or fraud bribary or any other
corrupt or criminal act in connection with	
corrupt of criminal act in connection with	any rederal Housing Assistance:
o Yes	
o No	
Are you interested in renting to the chronic	cally homeless?
o Yes	
o No	
B. PROPERTY MANAGEMENT INFOR	MATION:
Unit will be Managed By: (Please check o	ne)
Owner/ Self	
 Property Manager 	
If unit will be managed by property mana	ger or management company:
Manager Name:	Phone:
Manager Address:	
Manager E-Mail:	
Who will receive Payment?	
o Owner	
 Manager 	
C. Unit Information:	
Address of unit(s) to be listed on Section	n 8 (include Zip Codes)
1.	-
2.	
By signing this application, I am expressing my interest Housing Authority Choice Voucher Program (Section 8 to rent to families who receive assistance with their more El Camino Real Housing Authority. I further understant of this application does not mean that I have been accept the El Camino Real Housing Authority will only enter Contracts with individuals who met the landlord qualification. I understand that the El Camino Real Housing Authori). This application signifies that intent of the property is subsidy payments for the old that the completion and submission of the day as a landlord with the program, into Housing Assistance Payment cations.
check before entering into a Housing Assistance Payme Housing and Urban Development (HUD), the El Camin from entering into a Housing Assistance Payment Continuolved in violent criminal or drug related activity.	o Real Housing Authority is prohibited
Per Title 18 of Section 1001 of the U.S Code states that knowingly making false statements or misrepresenting agency of the United States.	
By signing this application below, I certify that the information and complete to the best of my knowledge.	
Signature or Owner:	Date:
Signature or Owner:Signature of Co-Owners:	Date:

OWNER OBLIGATIONS

Receipt of Information

- The Owner certifies that a COMPLETE copy of the housing Assistance Payment (HAP) Contract and the HUD Tenancy Addendum have been provided by the El Camino Real Housing Authority.
- The Owner Certifies that he/she has been advised of, and been given the opportunity to attend an El Camino Real Housing Authority Landlord Orientation.

Owner Responsibilities

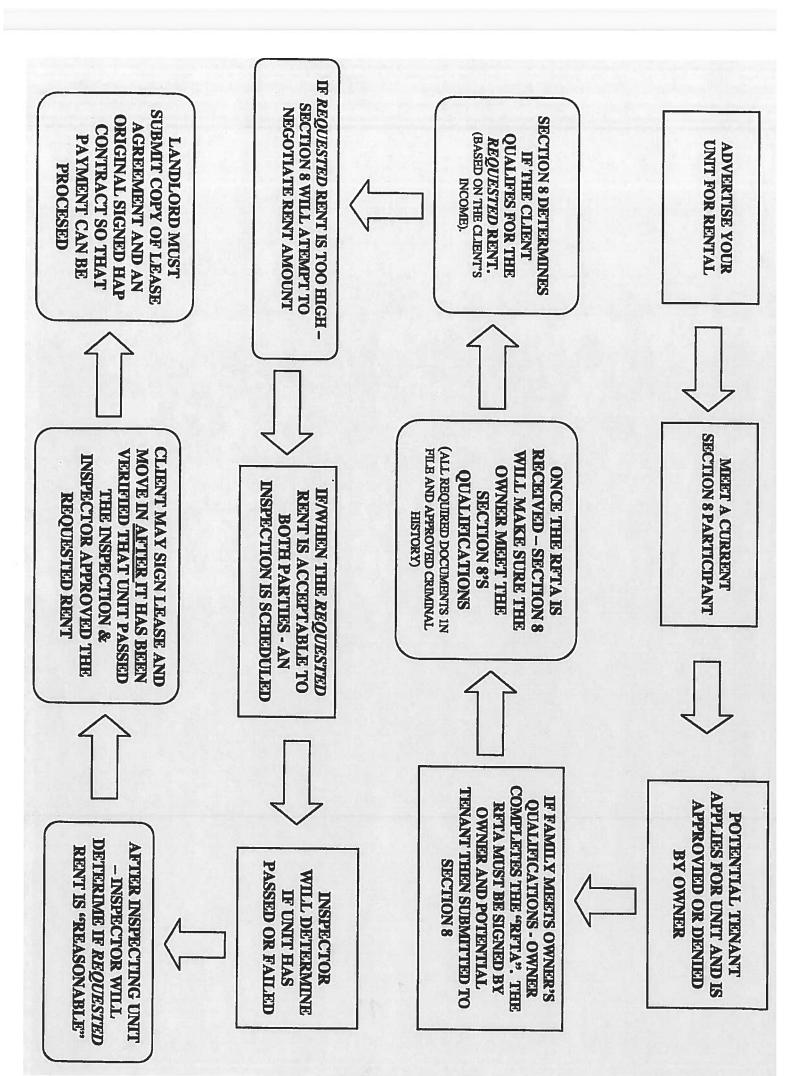
- The owners certifies that the contract unit, and its premises, will be maintained in accordance with the Housing Quality Standard (HQS). The owner understands that failure to maintain the contract unit in accordance with HQS can/should result in the abatement of Housing Assistance Payments.
- The owner certifies that the rent for the assisted unit DOES NOT exceed rents charged for comparable unassisted units in the area/on the premises. The owner understands that the El Camino Real Housing Authority will perform a rent reasonable test before approving any rent.
- The owner certifies that he/she (including a principal or other interested party) is not the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, brother of any member of the family, unless the PHA has determined(and approved in writing) that such a relationship would provide a reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities.
- The owner certifies that the family does not own or have any interest in the contract unit.
- The owner certifies that he/she will not discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status, or disability in connection with the HAP contract.
- The owner understands that he/she is responsible for the screening of occupants of the assisted unit.
- The owner certifies that he/she understand that the El Camino Real Housing Authority is not responsibility for the actions/inactions of members of the assisted family (i.e. damages, unpaid rent). The owner understands that the occupants of the unit are subject to the terms and conditions of the lease agreement and any consequences resulting from violations of the lease agreement.
- The owner certifies that upon commencement of HAP Contract, he/she must ensure, to the best of his/her ability, that the members of the family are residing in the assisted unit and the unit is the family's only residence. The owner understands that any information indicating that the family is NOT residing in the assisted unit or is NOT residing in the assisted unit or is NOT using the assisted unit as their ONLY residence must, by obligation, be immediately reported to the El Camino Real Housing Authority.
- The owner certifies that he/she will enforce the terms of the lease and the HUD Tenancy Addendum. The owner understands that the El Camino Real Housing Authority is NOT responsible for the enforcement of the lease but, by obligation, the owner must advise the El Camino Real Housing Authority of any lease violations incurred by members of the assisted family.

Owner Disapproval

- The owner must NOT engage in drug related criminal activity
- The owner must NOT engage in violent criminal activity
- The owner must NOT be subject to registration as a Sexual Offender or Sexual Predator
- The owner must NOT have committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt act in connection with any Federal Housing Assistance Program
- The owner must NOT violate ANY obligation under any Housing Assistance Contract.

Owner Name:	Company Name:	
(Please Print Legibly)		

Owner Signature:	Date:	-
Management Agreement Attached: o Yes o NO		
Agent Management Firm Name:(Please Print Legibly)		_
Agent /Manager Firm Rep. Signature:		





El Camino Real Housing Authority

Securing Affordable Housing & a Brighter Future for All

Direct Deposit Authorization

I hereby authorize the El Camino Real Housing Authority to directly deposit my housing Assistance Payment (HAP) to the bank account listed below.

I have attached a voided check for the account specified below

This authorization is to remain in force until the company has received written authorization from me of its termination or change.

☐ Initial Authorization ☐ Change in Authorization	Tele: (575) 835-0196 Fax: (575) 835-3461
Owner Name:	Valencia Office 751 Juan Perea Road Los Lunas, NM 87031 Tele: (575) 839-3854
E-Mail Address:	Torrance Office P.O. Box 272 111 Roosevelt Mountainair, NM 87732 Tele: (505) 847-2416 Fax: (505) 847-9416
City, Sate, Zip: Telephone #: Personal Account Number:	
Bank Routing Number:Company Use Only: EFFECTIVE DATE:	Mary Ann Chavez-Lopez Executive Director maryann@socorrohousing.org
OFFICE USE ONLY	
Date Received: New: Closed:Renew:	
Processed by:Date:Vendor #:	

Main Office P.O. Box 00

301 Otero Avenue

Socorro, N.M. 87801

Form (Rev. October 2007) Department of the Treesury

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

તાં	Name (as shown on your income tax return)			
eßed u	Business name, if different from above			
Print or type Specific instructions on	Check appropriate box: ☐ Individual/Sole proprietor ☐ Corporation ☐ Partnership ☐ Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (D=disregarded entity, C=corporation, ☐ Other (see instructions) ►	P=partnership) >		Exempt payee
	Address from the state of the s		's name and address (optional)	
pecifi	City, state, and ZIP code			
See S	List account number(s) here (optional)			
Part	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)			
allen, s your e	rour TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on Line of withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other amployer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see How to get a Till if the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on wire to enter.	a resident entities, it is IN on page 3.		or dentification number
Part	II Certification			
Under	penalties of perjury, I certify that:			
	a number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am wa	aiting for a num	iber to be le	second to me) and
2. la: Res	n not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholdivenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a fallure to iffed me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and	mer mer flat I bear	a mak b	
3. I ar	n a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below).			
For mo	cation instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the ding because you have falled to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. Furtgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of sment (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not report or your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 4.	or real estate	ransactions	, item 2 does not apply.
Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ▶	Date >		

General Instructions

Section references are to the internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income pald to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident allen,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301,7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,

- The U.S. grantor or other owner of a grantor trust and not the trust, and
- The U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident allen who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident allen.
 - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

if you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II Instructions on page 3 for details),
- 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,

- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 1.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

if the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part i of the form.

Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name" line.

Limited liability company (LLC). Check the "Limited liability company" box only and enter the appropriate code for the tax classification ("D" for disregarded entity, "C" for corporation, "P" for partnership) in the space provided.

For a single-member LLC (including a foreign LLC with a domestic owner) that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulations section 301.7701-3, enter the owner's name on the "Name" line. Enter the LLC's name on the "Business name" line.

For an LLC classified as a partnership or a corporation, enter the LLC's name on the "Name" line and any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name" line.

Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name" line.

Note. You are requested to check the appropriate box for your status (individual/sole proprietor, corporation, etc.).

Exempt Payee

If you are exempt from backup withholding, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then check the "Exempt payee" box in the line following the business name, sign and date the form.

Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends,

Note. If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

The following payees are exempt from backup withholding:

- 1. An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2).
- 2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities,
- 4. A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, or
- 5. An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:

- 6. A corporation,
- 7. A foreign central bank of issue,
- 8. A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States.
- 9. A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
 - 10. A real estate investment trust,
- 11. An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the investment Company Act of 1940,
- 12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a).
 - 13. A financial institution.
- 14. A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian, or
- 15. A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The chart below shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 15.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
interest and dividend payments	Ali exempt payees except for 9
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 13. Also, a person registered under the investment Advisers Act of 1940 who regularly acts as a broker
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 5
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 7

See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

However, the following payments made to a corporation (including gross proceeds paid to an attorney under section 6045(f), even if the attorney is a corporation) and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident allen and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

if you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see Limited liability company (LLC) on page 2), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form orline at www.ssa.gov.you may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS individual Taxpayer identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and olicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting www.irs.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

if you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, and 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). Exempt payees, see Exempt Payee on page 2.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in 1 through 5 below.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

- 3. Heal estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- 4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdeii ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

_	For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1.	Individual	The individual
2.	Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account '
3.	Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor *
4.	a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee '
	b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner '
5.	Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner *
	For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
6.	Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
7.	A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity 4
8.	Corporate or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832	The corporation
	Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
10.	Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
11.	A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
12,	Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural	The public entity

List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the second name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 1.

Note. if no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- · Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

Call the IRS at 1-800-829-1040 if you think your identity has been used inappropriately for tax purposes.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toli-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The iRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

if you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to *phishing@irs.gov*. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS personal property to the Treasury inspector General for Tax Administration at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: *spam@uce.gov* or contact them at *www.consumer.gov/lidtheft* or 1-877-IDTHEFT(438-4338).

Visit the IRS website at www.irs.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

program payments

Section 6109 of the internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons who must file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, and certain other income paid to you, mortgage interest you paid, the acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA, or Archer MSA or HSA. The IRS uses the numbers for identification purposes and to help verify the accuracy of your tax return. The IRS may also provide this information to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. possessions to carry out their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Payers must generally withhold 28% of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to a payer. Certain penalties may also apply.